# 2024 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts

Form 50-856

COCHRAN COUNTY-GENERAL FUND	(806) 266-5171
Taxing Unit Name	Phone (area code and number)
100 N Main St, Morton, TX, 79346	www.co.cochran.tx.us
Taxing Unit's Address, City, State, ZIP Code	Táxing Unit's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate and voter-approval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraisar delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisar roll and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submits the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable.

School districts do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-859 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District without Chapter 313 Agreements or Comptroller Form 50-884 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District with Chapter 313 Agreements.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-858 Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts or Comptroller Form 50-860 Developed Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

### SECTION 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The NNR tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

The NNR tax rate for a county is the sum of the NNR tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

While uncommon, it is possible for a taxing unit to provide an exemption for only maintenance and operations taxes. In this case, the taxing unit will need to calculate the NNR tax rate separately for the maintenance and operations tax and the debt tax, then add the two components together.

100	NOPNGWEGVETTE HER WORKSPREET	Amount/page 2
To be in companied to a companied to the	Prior year total taxable value. Enter the amount of the prior year taxable value on the prior year tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (adjustment is made by deducting TIF taxes, as reflected in Line 17).)	s 473,359,661
2.	Prior year tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior college districts. Enter the prior year total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings.  These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0, if your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision last year or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. <sup>2</sup>	ş_0
3.	Preliminary prior year adjusted taxable value, Subtract Line 2 from Line 1,	5_473,359,661
4.	Prior year total adopted tax rate,	\$ <u>0.6927</u>
5.	Prior year taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced the prior year's appraised value.	
AND MAKE THE PARTY OF THE PARTY	A. Original prior year ARB values:	
Leave www.chu/L	B, Prior year values resulting from final court decisions:	
mir () (1/4/ma)	C. Prior year value loss, Subtract B from A,3	s <u>0</u>
6.	, ,	
	A. Prior year ARB certified value:	100
1	B. Prior year disputed value: - 5 0	
The proof of the last of the l	C. Prior year undisputed value, Subtract B from A.4	\$ <u>C</u>
7.	Prior year Chapter 42 related adjusted values. Add Line 5C and Line 6C.	\$ <u>0</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(14)

<sup>\*</sup> Tex. Tax Code \$25.012(13)

<sup>1</sup> Tex. Tax Code 526.012(13)

Line	No Neverleventleaux Bate Worksheet	amountage
Α,	Prior year taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Add Line 3 and Line 7.	s 473,359,661
9.	Prior year taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1, 2024. Enter the prior year value of property in deannexed territory. 5	\$ <u>0</u>
70,	Prior year taxable value lost because proporty first qualified for an exemption in the current year. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport, goods-in-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in the current year does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value.	
	A. Absolute exemptions. Use prior year market value:	2
	B. Partial exemptions. Current year exemption amount or current year percentage exemption times prior year value: + 5 133,020	To your which the course
	C. Value loss. Add A and B. <sup>4</sup>	s 282,221
11.	Prior year taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/ scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in the current year. Use only properties that qualified for the first time in the current year; do not use properties that qualified in the prior year.	
	A. Prior year market value:	
	B. Current year productivity or special appraised value;	
	C. Value loss. Subtract B from A, 7	\$ 0
12.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.	5 <b>282,22</b> 1
13,	Prior year captured value of property in a TIF. Enter the total value of the prior year captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the prior year taxes were deposited into the tax increment fund. If the taxing unit has no captured appraised value in line 18D, enter 0.	\$ <sup>[]</sup>
14.	Prior year total value. Subtract Line 12 and Line 13 from Line 8.	\$ 473,077,440
15,	Adjusted prior year total levy. Multiply Line 4 by Line 14 and divide by \$100.	\$ <b>3,</b> 277,007
16.	Taxes refunded for years preceding the prior tax year. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding the prior tax year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for the prior tax year. This line applies only to tax years preceding the prior tax year. 9	ş 150,47Z
17.	Adjusted prior year levy with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 15 and 16. 10	ş 3,427,4 <b>7</b> 9
18,	Total current year taxable value on the current year certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values or certified estimate of values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in tine 20). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. "	
	A. Certified values: 5 475,294,456	The property of the state of th
	B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office:	d.co.
	C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property:  -5 0	
	D. Tax Increment financing: Deduct the current year captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the current year taxes will be deposited into the tax increment fund. Do not include any new property value that will be included in Line 23 below. 12	
	E. Total current year value. Add A and B, then subtract C and D.	<u>\$</u> 475,296,813

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Firex, Tax Code \$26.012(15)
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Firex, Tax Code \$26.012(13)

Life.	Nee/royaleyaloraloralor Warehala	/mova/ini
19.	Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll. 13	
- o trade agricultural fragmatic departments	A. Current year taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. 4	
TOTAL THE RESTANCE OF THE STANCE OF THE STAN	B. Current year value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value of property not on the certified roll. <sup>15</sup>	
10 do 40 or 12 or 12	C. Total value under protest or not certified. Add A and B.	\$ 0
20.	Current year tax ceifings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter current year total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in the prior year or a previous year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. <sup>16</sup>	š D
21.	Current year total taxable value. Add Lines 18E and 19C. Subtract Line 20. <sup>17</sup>	5 <u>475,296,813</u>
27.	Total current year taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, of the prior year. Include both real and personal property.  Enter the current year value of property in territory annexed. 18	5 0
23.	Total current year taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in the prior year. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, of the prior year and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for the current year. 19	5 7,099,480
-	Total adjustments to the current year taxable value. Add Lines 22 and 23.	\$ <b>7</b> ,899,450
25.	Adjusted current year taxable value. Subtract Line 24 from Line 21.	5 467,397,333
26.	Current year NNR tax rate. Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by 5100. ™	\$ 0.7933 / /\$100
27.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the current year county NNR tax rate, 21	5 G.9768 /\$100

### SECTION 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. The voter-approval tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- Maintenance and Operations (M&O) Tax Rate: The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus the applicable percentage allowed by law. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations,
- Debt Rate: The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The voter-approval tax rate for a county is the sum of the voter-approval tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies, in most cases the voter-approval tax rate exceeds the non-new-revenue tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit's debt service will cause the NNR tax rate to be higher than the voter-approval tax rate.

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28.	Prior year M&O tax rate. Enter the prior year M&O tax rate.	\$ <u>0.6927</u>
29.	Prior year taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Enter the amount in Line 8 of the No-New-Revenue	
į	Tax Rate Worksheet,	ş 473,359,661

<sup>13</sup> Tex. Tax Code 526.01(c) and (d)

Iex. Tax Code 536.01(c)

Tax Code \$26.01(d)

fax Code \$25,012(5)(8)

<sup>.</sup> Tex Code \$26.017(6)

<sup>&</sup>quot;Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(17)
"Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(17)
"Tex. Tax Code \$25.012(17)

<sup>16</sup> Tex. Yak Code \$26.04(c)

<sup>22</sup> Tex. Tax Code 976.04(d)

Une	100	Voter/Approval Facilities Worksheet Res	Amount Rates	
30.	Total p	rior year M&O levy. Multiply Line 28 by Line 29 and divide by \$100	<sub>5</sub> 3,278,962	
31.	Adjusted prior year levy for calculating NNR M&O rate.			ì
	Α.	M&O taxes refunded for years preceding the prior tax year. Enter the amount of M&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2023. This line applies only to tax years preceding the prior tax year		
	В.	Prior year taxes in TIF. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no current year captured appraised value in 0 Line 18D, enter 05		***************************************
	С.	Prior year transferred function, if discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in D below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in 0 below. Other taxing units enter 0.		1886 de 1980 — ——————————————————————————————————
	D,	Prior year M&O levy adjustments. Subtract B from A. For taxing unit with C, subtract if		
		-	<sub>5</sub> 3,429,434	
		-Add Line 30 to 31D.	W W W	
32.	Adjuste	ed current year taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	ş 467,397,333	
33.	Current	t year NNR M&O rate (unadjusted). Divide Line 31E by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.7 <b>33</b> 7 /\$1	100
34.	Rate ac	ljustment for state criminal justice mandate. <sup>23</sup>		
	А.	Current year state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose.  \$\frac{47.942}{47.942}\$		-
	8.	Prior year state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. On not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies. ————————————————————————————————————		***************************************
	c.	Subtract 8 from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100		and the state of t
	D.	Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	5 0,0021 /\$1	100
35.	Rate ad	ljustment for indigent health care expenditures. 24		
	А.	Current year indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, of the prior tax year and ending on June 30, of the current tax year, less any state assistance received for the same purpose.  5. 0		
The state of the s	В.	Prior year indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2023, less any state assistance received for the same purpose		
	۲,	Subtract 8 from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100		
	D.	Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0,	\$_0.0000	100

<sup>&</sup>quot; [Reserved for expansion]
13 Tex. Tax Code 926.044
1 Tex. Tax Code \$26.0441

	ting the state of			Rafe 7
٩6،	36. Rate adjustment for county indigent defense compensation. 25		*** di 5	
ten e l'elizablicativo en manque	A. Current year indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office unde Article 26,044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, of the prior tax year and June 30, of the current tax year, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose	er d ending an		
operation of contrastional state of the state of contrast of tentor to	B. Prior year indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to prappointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office unde Article 26.044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2023, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose	ef	And the same of the contract o	
'deall'd, wrar sa	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.0021 /\$100	3-40-4-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-	
Bramonie (Pr	D. Multiply B by 0.05 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	§ <u>0.0001</u> /\$100	**************************************	
Dolloward value.	E. Enter the lesser of C and D. If not applicable, enter 0.		\$_0.0001	/\$190
37,	37. Rate adjustment for county hospital expenditures. <sup>26</sup>	•		
of a commence of the commence	A. Current year eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or munic to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, of the prior tax ending on June 30, of the current tax year.	x year and	A very community for the community of th	
Mortin primaremental confidence and	Prior year eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipate maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2023.		To the flamman (Code) (Code) (Code)	
ena wordstor	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$ 0.0000 /5100		
Re-Cadentee version	D. Multiply 8 by 0.08 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$ <u>0.0000</u> /\$100	all Color	
All	E. Enter the lesser of C and D, if applicable, if not applicable, enter 0.		s_0,0000	/\$100
<b>1</b>	1. Rate adjustment for defunding municipality. This adjustment only applies to a municipality that is considere ity for the current tax year under Chapter 109, Local Government Code or a population of more than 250,000 and includes a written determination by the Office of the Governor. See Tax information.	nly applies to municipalities with	The same of the special part of the special pa	
manual to the continuent	A. Amount appropriated for public safety in the prior year. Enter the amount of money appropriated safety in the budget adopted by the municipality for the preceding fiscal year		And the state of t	
Andready by Labella American	B. Expenditures for public safety in the prior year. Enter the amount of money spent by the municipal safety during the preceding fiscal year.	, ,	man mait - allitude de char e	
White Springer	C. Subtract 8 from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$ 0.0000 /\$100	The Part of the Pa	
	D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.		\$ 0.0000	/\$100
39.	39. Adjusted current year NNR M&O rate. Add Lines 33, 34D, 35D, 36E, and 37E. Subtract Line 38D.		s 0.7369	/\$100
40.	40. Adjustment for prior year sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Cities, counties and hospital dist additional sales tax on M&O expenses in the prior year should complete this line. These entities will deduct the year in Section 3. Other taxing units, enter zero.	tricts that collected and spent esales tax gain rate for the current		2000 To 1000 To
aribi bos bosantida hedizi ili di. sa	A. Enter the amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&O expenses in the prior year, if any.  Counties must exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of sales tax spent.	ıt		
livery de la constant de	B. Divide Line 40A by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$ 0.0000 /\$100	į	
M M. / to take the management	C, Add Line 40B to Line 39.		ş 0.7 <b>35</b> 9	/\$100
41.	Special Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit qualifies as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.08.		ç 0.7616	/\$100
and a more	or of Other Taxing Unit, If the taxing unit does not qualify as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.035.			1

<sup>#</sup> Tex. Tax Code 626.0442 \* Tex. Tax Code 626.0443

Une,	Voter-Approval revenue von social	Amount/Rate
D41.	Disaster Line 41 (D41): Current year voter-approval M&O rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. If the taxing unit is located in an area declared a disaster area and at least one person is granted an exemption under Tax Code Section 11.35 for property located in the taxing unit, the governing body may direct the person calculating the voter-approval tax rate to calculate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit. The taxing unit shall continue to calculate the voter-approval tax rate in this manner until the earlier of  1) the first year in which total taxable value on the certified appraisal roll exceeds the total taxable value of the tax year in which the disaster occurred, or  2) the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred  If the taxing unit qualifies under this scenario, multiply Line 40C by 1.08. 11 the taxing unit does not qualify, do not complete	
	Disaster Line 41 (Line D41).	\$
42.	Total current year debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue. Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that:  (1) are paid by property taxes, (2) are secured by property taxes, (3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and (4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses.  A. Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above, include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond, warrant, certificate of obligation, or other evidence of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2021, verify if it meets the amended definition of debt before including it here. 28  Enter debt amount \$ 0  B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt. \$ 5  C. Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt (enter zero if none) \$ 5  D. Subtract amount paid from other resources \$ 5  E. Adjusted debt. Subtract B, C and D from A.	\$ <u>0</u>
43.	Certified prior year excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector. 79	\$ <u>0</u>
44.	Adjusted current year debt. Subtract Line 43 from Line 42E.	\$ 0
45.	Current year anticipated collection rate.	
	A. Enter the current year anticipated collection rate certified by the collector. 30	
	B. Enter the prior year actual collection rate. 96.13 %	PLID. However
	C. Enter the 2022 actual collection rate99.17 %	. A series of the series of th
	D. Enter the 2021 actual collection rate. 59.28 %	
The state of the s	E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%, 33	99.00 %
46.	Current year debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 44 by Line 45E.	ŝ O
47.	Current year total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tox Rate Worksheet.	ş 475,296,613
48.	Current year debt rate. Divide Line 46 by Line 47 and multiply by \$100.	ş_ <b>0.</b> 0000 /\$100
49.	Current year voter-approval tax rate. Add Lines 41 and 48.	5 0.7616 /\$100
D49.	Disaster Line 49 (D49): Current year voter-approval tax rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. Complete this line if the taxing unit calculated the voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit on Line D4).  Add Line D41 and 48.	\$/\$100

 $\delta_{i,j}(x) = \frac{1}{2} (\sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - x_i) + \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - x$ 

<sup>&</sup>quot; Tex. Tax Code \$26.042(a)

" Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(7)

" Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(10) and 26.04(b)

" Tex. Tax Code \$26.04(b)

" Tex. Tax Code \$52.04(h), (h-1) and (h-2)

Line	Voce approvation and institute and in the control of the control o	Amount.	ric :
<sup>⊥</sup> .o.	CDUNTIES ONLY. Add together the voter-approval fax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the current year county voter-approv-		
	al tax rate.	\$ 1,0158	/\$100

# SECTION 3: NNR Tax Rate and Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustments for Additional Sales Tax to Reduce Property Taxes

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or abolishing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its NNR and voter-approval tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue.

This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its NNR tax rate and/or voter-approval tax rate because it adopted the additional sales tax.

Mile	Additional Sales and Beautistics.	amountain j
51.	Taxable Sales. For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November of the prior tax year or May of the current tax year, enter the Comptroller's estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters. Setimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller's Allocation Historical Summary webpage.  Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November of the prior year, enter 0.	5
5.	Estimated sales tax revenue. Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue. 33  Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November of the prior tax year or in May of the corrent tax year. Multiply the amount on Line 51 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005 or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95. 34  - or -  Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November of the prior year. Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters.  Do not multiply by .95.	\$
53.	Current year total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	5
54,	Sales tax adjustment rate. Divide Line 52 by Line 53 and multiply by \$100.	\$
55,	Current year NNR tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax.35 Enter the rate from Line 26 or 27, as applicable, on the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	5/\$100
	Current year NNR tax rate, adjusted for sales tax.  Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November the prior tax year or in May of the current tax year. Subtract Line 54 from Line 55. Skip to Line 57 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November of the prior tax year.	\$
57.	Current year voter-approval tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. MEnter the rate from Line 49, Line D49 (disaster) or Line 50 (counties) as applicable, of the Vater-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$
58.	Current year voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Subtract Line 54 from Line 57.	\$

### SECTION 4: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

瓤	is volumentalistica di la contrata de la contrata d	er estimoniqueste es
59	Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. <sup>32</sup> The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter. <sup>34</sup>	\$
60	Current year total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$
51	, Additional rate for pollution control. Divide Line 59 by Line 60 and multiply by \$100.	\$

Tax Code \$26.041(d)

Tax Code 526.041(I)

x. Tax Code \$26.041(d)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Tex. Tax Code 526.04(c) <sup>6</sup> Tex. Tax Code \$26.04(c)

<sup>37</sup> Tex. Tax Code \$26,045(d)

<sup>34</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26.045(j)

om.		

Line	Ayrata Ayrata Voter-Approval Fate Addustment for Pollution control regultements Worksheet and the second second	antonium ere
62.	Current year voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add Line 61 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line	
	D49 (disaster), Line 50 (countles) or Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax).	\$/\$100

### SECTION 5: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Unused Increment Rate

The unused increment rate is the rate equal to the sum of the prior 3 years Foregone Revenue Amounts divided by the current taxable value. 39 The Foregone Revenue Amount for each year is equal to that year's adopted tax rate subtracted from that year's voter-approval tax rate adjusted to remove the unused increment rate multiplied by that year's current total value. 49 In a year where a taxing unit adopts a rate by applying any portion of the unused increment rate, the portion of the unused increment rate that was used must be backed out of the calculation for that year.

The difference between the adopted tax rate and adjusted voter-approval tax rate is considered zero in the following scenarios:

- a tax year in which a taxing unit affected by a disaster declaration calculates the tax rate under Tax Code Section 26.042; 41
- a tax year in which the municipality is a defunding municipality, as defined by Tax Code Section 26.0501(a); 42 or
- after Jan. 1, 2022, a tax year in which the comptroller determines that the county implemented a budget reduction or reallocation described by Local Government Code Section 120,002(a) without the required voter approval. (6)

Individual components can be negative, but the overall rate will be the greater of zero or the calculated rate.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 44

Une	4 Units edin crement Rate Warkshee	comountation (
63.	Year 3 Foregone Revenue Amount. Subtract the 2023 unused increment rate and 2023 actual tax rate from the 2023 voter-approval tax rate. Multiply the result by the 2023 current total value	red very de management en el efe
	A. Voter-approval tax rate (Line 67)	5 1.8072 /\$100 \$ 0.9886 /\$100
	B. Unused increment rate (Line 66) C. Subtract B from A	\$ 0.9886/\$100 \$ 0.8186/\$100
	D. Adopted Tax Rate	\$ 0,6927 /\$100
	E, Subtract D from C,	\$ 0.1259 /5100
	F. 2023 Total Taxable Value (Line 60)	ş <u>473,891,723</u>
	G. Multiply E by F and divide the results by \$100	\$ <u>596,529</u>
64.	Year 2 Foregone Revenue Amount, Subtract the 2022 unused increment rate and 2022 actual tax rate from the 2022 voter-approval tax rate, Multiply the result by the 2022 current total value	
		5 0.8304 /\$100
	A. Voter-approval tax rate (Line 67)  B. Unused increment rate (Line 66)	\$ 0,0000 /\$100
	C. Subtract B from A.	\$ 0.8304 /\$100
	D. Adopted Tax Rate	\$ 0.6175 /\$100
	E. Subtract D from C.	\$ <u>0.2129</u> /\$100
	F. 2022 Total Taxable Value (Line 60)	\$ 447,919,073
	G. Multiply E by F and divide the results by \$100.	s 953,819
65.	Year 1 Foregone Revenue Amount, Subtract the 2021 unused increment rate and 2021 actual tax rate from the 2021 voter-approval tax rate. Multiply the result by the 2021 current total value	
	A. Voter-approval tax rate (Line 67)	\$ <u>1.2692</u> /\$100
	B, Unused increment rate (Line 66)	\$ 0.0000 /\$100
	C. Subtract B from A	\$ 1,2692 /\$100
	D. Adopted Tax Rate	\$ 0.7861 /5100 \$ 0.4811 /5100
	E. Subtract D from C.	\$ 337,564,198
	F. 2021 Total Taxable Value (Line 60)  G. Multiply E by F and divide the results by \$100.	\$ 1,624,021
	G. Municiply E by Fathu divide the results by 5100	
66.	Total Foregone Revenue Amount. Add Lines 63G, 64G and 65G	\$ 3,174,269,0000
67.	2024 Unused Increment Rate. Divide Line 66 by Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Rate Worksheet. Multiply the result by 100	\$_ <u>0.6678</u> /\$100
68,	Total 2024 voter-approval tax rate, including the unused increment rate. Add Line 67 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with additional sales tax) or Line 62 (taxing units with pollution)	\$ <b>1.6836</b> /\$100

<sup>27</sup> Tex. Tax Code 526.013(b)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>46</sup>Tex. Tax Code §26.013(a)(1-a), (1-b), and (2)

<sup>1</sup> Tex. Tax Code \$526.04(c)(2)(A) and 26.042(a)
12 Tex. Tax Code \$526.0501(a) and (c)

<sup>42</sup> Yex. Local Gov't Code 5120.007(d)

### **SECTION 6: De Minimis Rate**

The de minimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise \$500,000, and the current debt rate for a taxing unit. " s section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 45

	P. Minim State Notifical	es esmeinavilere ses
69.	Adjusted current year NNR M&O tax rate. Enter the rate from Line 39 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	0,5815
70.	Current year total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 475,296,813
71.	Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes. Divide \$500,000 by Line 70 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.1051 \( \\$100
72.	Current year debt rate. Enter the rate from Line 48 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ <u>0,0000</u> /\$100
73.	De minimis rate. Add Lines 69, 71 and 72.	\$ 1,0867/\$100

### SECTION 7: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Emergency Revenue Rate

In the tax year after the end of the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a), a taxing unit that calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit due to a disaster must calculate its emergency revenue rate and reduce its voter-approval tax rate for that year.\*\*

Similarly, if a taxing unit adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate, calculated normally, without holding an election to respond to a disaster, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(d), in the prior year, it must also reduce its voter-approval tax rate for the current tax year.

This section will apply to a taxing unit other than a special taxing unit that:

- directed the designated officer or employee to calculate the voter-approval tax rate of the taxing unit in the manner provided for a special taxing unit in the prior year, and
- the current year is the first tax year in which the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit as shown on the appraisal roll for the taxing unit submitted by the assessor for the taxing unit to the governing body exceeds the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit on January 1 of the tax year in which the disaster occurred or the disaster occurred four years ago. This section will apply to a taxing unit in a disaster area that adopted a tax rate greater than its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election in the prior year.

Note: This section does not apply if a taxing unit is continuing to calculate its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit because it is still within the 4(aster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a) because it has not met the conditions in Tax Code Section 26.042(a)(1) or (2).

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74.	2023 adopted tax rate. Enter the rate in Line 4 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet,	\$	\$100
75.	Adjusted 2023 voter-approval tax rate. Use the taxing unit's Tax Rate Calculation Worksheets from the prior year(s) to complete this line.		,
•	If a disaster occurred in 1023 and the taxing unit calculated its 2023 voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1,08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41)		
	of the 2023 worksheet due to a disaster, complete the applicable sections or lines of Form 50-856-a, Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing		
	Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet.	4	
The state of the s	if a disaster occurred prior to 2023 for which the taxing unit continued to calculate its voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) in 2023, complete form 50-856-a, Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet to recalculate the voter-approval tax rate the taxing unit would have calculated in 2023 if it had generated revenue based on an adopted tax rate using a multiplier of 1.035 in the years following the disaster. Enter the final adjusted 2023 voter-approval tax rate from the worksheet.  or -  If the taxing unit adopted a tax rate above the 2023 voter-approval tax rate without calculating a disaster tax rate or holding an election due to a disaster, no recalculation is necessary. Enter the voter-approval tax rate from the prior year's worksheet.	\$/	\$100
76.	Increase in 2023 tax rate due to disaster, Subtract Line 75 from Line 74,	\$	\$100
77.	Adjusted 2023 taxable value, Enter the amount in Line 14 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$	
78.	Emergency revenue. Multiply Line 76 by Line 77 and divide by \$100.	\$	
79.	Adjusted 2023 taxable value, Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$	
80.	Emergency revenue rate. Divide Line 78 by Line 79 and multiply by \$100.51	\$	5100

Tax Code \$26.04(c)(2)(B)

<sup>.</sup>Tax Code \$26.012(8-a)

Tex. Tax Code \$26,063(a)(1) \*\* Tex. Tax Code \$26,042(b)

<sup>4</sup> Tex. Tax Code 926.042(f)

<sup>40</sup> Tex. Tax Code \$526,42(c)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>51</sup> Tex. Tax Code \$526.42(b)

202	Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet = Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts	For	in 50-856
Line	Finacion (victor) in the Victor (victor) and the Victor (victor).	- /.Gg)3/	naio .
81.	Current year voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for emergency revenue. Subtract Line 80 from one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax), Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control) or Line 68 (taxing units with the unused increment rate).	5	/\$100
SEC	TION 8: Total Tax Rate		
Indica	ate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.	<del></del>	
	No-new-revenue tax rate.  As applicable, enter the current year NNR tax rate from: Line 26, Line 27 (counties), or Line 56 (adjusted for sales tax).  Indicate the line number used: 27	\$ 0.9788	/\$100
	Voter-approval tax rate.  As applicable, enter the current year voter-approval tax rate from: Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (adjusted for sales tax), Line 62 (adjusted for pollution control), Line 68 (adjusted for unused increment), or Line 81 (adjusted for emergency revenue).  Indicate the line number used: 68	\$ 1.6836	
	De minimis rate	\$ 1.0867	/\$100
SE	CTION 9: Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature		
empl	the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the taxing unit. By signing below, you certify that you are thouse of the taxing unit and have accurately calculated the tax rates using values that are the same as the values shown in the taxing unit's certified ate of taxable value, in accordance with requirements in the Tax Code, 32		

08/02/2024

Date

57 Tex. Ta	x Code Si	26.04(c·	2) and (d-2

print Dixie Mendoza Tax A/C

Taxing Unit Representative

sign here▶

Printed Name of Taxing Unit Representative

# 2024 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts

Form 50-856

COCHRAN COUNTY-CO WIDE SPECIAL RD (FM/FC)	(806) 266-5171
Taxing Unit Name	Phone (area code and number)
100 N Main St, Morton, TX, 79346	www.co.cochran.tx.us
Taxing Unit's Address, City, State, ZIP Code	Taxing Unit's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate and voter-approval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submits the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable.

School districts do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-859 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District without Chapter 313 Agreements or Comptroller Form 50-884 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District with Chapter 313 Agreements.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-858 Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts or Comptroller Form 50-860 Developed Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

### SECTION 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The NNR tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

The NNR tax rate for a county is the sum of the NNR tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

While uncommon, it is possible for a taxing unit to provide an exemption for only maintenance and operations taxes, in this case, the taxing unit will need to calculate the NNR tax rate separately for the maintenance and operations tax and the debt tax, then add the two components together.

Une	Ne-MayStayzong Sevalaktay/of/stocda	Emoraticae
We described to the Comment	Prior year total taxable value. Enter the amount of the prior year taxable value on the prior year tax roll today, include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (adjustment is made by deducting TIF taxes, as reflected in Line 17).	\$ 471,423,057
Z.	Prior year tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior college districts. Enter the prior year total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision last year or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. <sup>2</sup>	\$ <u>0</u>
3,	Preliminary prior year adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	s <u>471,423,057</u>
4.	Prior year total adopted tax rate.	5 <u>0.2426</u> /\$109
5.	Prior year taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced the prior year's appraised value.	
wake sus sus	A. Original prior year ARB values:	
7	B. Prior year values resulting from final court decisions:5 0	
	C. Prior year value loss. Subtract B from A. <sup>3</sup>	\$ 0
<b>6.</b>	Prior year taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25.  A. Prior year ARB certified value:	
	8. Prior year disputed value: -\$ 0	
	C. Prior year undisputed value. Subtract 3 from A. 4	\$ <b>0</b>
7.	Prior year Chapter 42 related adjusted values. Add Line 5C and Line 6C.	\$ <u>D</u>

Tax Code 926,012(14)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Tex. Tax Code 526.012(14)

Tex. Yax Code §26.012(13)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(13)

Line	HE CONTROL OF THE SECOND CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE SECOND CONTROL OF THE SECOND CON	Appronization
8.	Prior year taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Add Line 3 and Line 7.	§ 471,423,057
9,	Prior year taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1, 2024. Enter the prior year value of property in deannexed territory. 5	5 0
10.	Prior year taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in the current year. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount, Do not include value lost due to freeport, goods-in-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in the current year does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value.	
	A. Absolute exemptions, Use prior year market value:	
	B. Partial exemptions. Current year exemption amount or current year percentage exemption times prior year value: +5 187,020	
	C. Value loss, Add A and 8.6	§ 336,221
11,	Prior year taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/ scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in the current year. Use only properties that qualified for the first time in the current year; do not use properties that qualified in the prior year.	
T Challe	A. Prior year market value: s 0	Managed Programmer Control of the Co
94	8. Current year productivity or special appraised value:	of any opening administration of the control of the
	C. Value loss, Subtract B from A. 7	\$ <u>0</u>
12.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.	§ 335,221
13.	Prior year captured value of property in a TIF. Enter the total value of the prior year captured appraised value of property taxable by a tax- ing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the prior year taxes were deposited into the tax increment fund. "If the taxing unit has no captured appraised value in line 18D, enter 0.	\$ <u>0</u>
14.	Prior year total value. Subtract Line 12 and Line 13 from Line 8.	§ 471,006,836
15.	Adjusted prior year total levy. Multiply Line 4 by Line 14 and divide by \$100.	\$ 1,142,858
16.	Taxes refunded for years preceding the prior tax year. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding the prior tax year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for the prior tax year. This line applies only to tax years preceding the prior tax year. 9	ş 137
17,	Adjusted prior year levy with refunds and TIF adjustment, Add Lines 15 and 16. 10	s 1.142,993
19.	Total current year taxable value on the current year certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values or certified estimate of values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 20). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. 11	
	A. Certifled values: 5 473,390,262	webe-detroman.
	B. Counties; Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office:+\$ 0	Annual An
	C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property:  -5 0	# Annual Property College
	D. Tax increment financing: Deduct the current year captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the current year taxes will be deposited into the tax increment fund. Do not include any new property value that will be included in Line 23 below. 12	Addition
	E. Total current year value. Add A and B, then subtract C and D.	5 473,390,262

<sup>\*</sup> Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(15)

\* Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(15)

\* Tex. Tax Code \$25.012(15)

\* Tex. Tax Code \$25.03(2)

\* Tex. Tax Code \$25.03(2)

\* Tex. Tax Code \$25.03(2)

\*\* Tex. Tax Code \$25.012(13)

\*\* Tex. Tax Code \$25.012(13)

\*\* Tex. Tax Code \$26.012, 26.04(4-2)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c2</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26.03(c)

	Applications and applications of the control of the	Ameritatic Sc
<del>₹</del> 9.	Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll, 13	
Market and the comment of the complement	A. Current year taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifles a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. M	
PROMETY, maryode-prepalationens reprograde Detections very regis	B. Current year value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as apprapriate). Enter the total value of property not on the certified roll. 15	
	C. Total value under protest or not certified. Add A and 8,	s C
20.	Current year tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter current year total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in the prior year or a previous year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. <sup>16</sup>	\$ <u></u>
21.	Current year total taxable value, Add Lines 18E and 19C. Subtract Line 20. <sup>17</sup>	§ 473,390,262
22,	Total current year taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, of the prior year. Include both real and personal property.  Enter the current year value of property in territory annexed. 18	\$ <u>0</u>
23.	Total current year taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in the prior year. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, of the prior year and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for the current year. 19	ş <u>7</u> ,096,490
•	Total adjustments to the current year taxable value. Add Lines 22 and 23.	<sub>\$</sub> 7,896,480
25.	Adjusted current year taxable value. Subtract Line 24 from Line 21.	§ 465,493,762
26,	Current year NNR tax rate. Divide Libe 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$300.49	ş <u>0.2455</u> /5100
27.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the current year county NNR tax rate. 23	\$ <u>0.9788</u> /\$100

### SECTION 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. The voter-approval tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- 1. Maintenance and Operations (M&O) Tax Rate: The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus the applicable percentage allowed by law. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations,
- 2. Debt Rate: The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The voter-approval tax rate for a county is the sum of the voter-approval tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the voter-approval tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit's debt service will cause the NNR tax rate to be higher than the voter-approval tax rate.

-	Une	LYotepapproval (Approval Cater Mortshier)	<u>A</u> mogrit/76tess	
go I. Storen, mes	28.	Prior year M&O tax rate. Enter the prior year M&O tax rate.	\$ 0.2426 /5100	
Carran manager, on Communication	29.	Prior year taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Enter the amount in Line 8 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	ş 471,423,057	

<sup>13</sup> Tex. Tax Code \$26.01(c) and (d)

<sup>#</sup>**Je**x. Tax Code \$26.01(d)

Tax Code \$26,011d)

Tax Code \$26,012(6)(8)

\_A\_Tax Code \$26.012(6)

<sup>18</sup> Tex. Tax Code \$26,012(17)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>to</sup> Fen. Tax Code §26,012(17)

<sup>™</sup> Tex. Tax Code \$26.04(c)

Line		VolepAppipyal axilate Worksheet as 1995		assamountlette.	
30.	Total p	rior year M&O levy. Multiply Line 28 by Line 29 and divide by \$100		ş 1,143,672	
31.	Adjusto	ed prior year levy for calculating NNR M&Q rate.			1
	A.	M&O taxes refunded for years preceding the prior tax year. Enter the amount of M&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2023. This line applies only to tax years preceding the prior tax year	⊦s 137		The second section of the second section secti
	8.	Prior year taxes in TIF. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no current year captured appraised value in Line 180, enter 0.	o -\$		orthornum was water the Richard Addition designation and
	С.	Prior year transferred function. If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in D below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in D below. Other taxing units enter 0.	ù - s		enter de l'année de l'année marieur de l'Arthé de l'Art
	D.	Prior year M&O levy adjustments. Subtract B from A. For taxing unit with C, subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function.	137		appendix and a second second
	Е	Add-Line 30 to 31D.		5 1.143,809	
32.	Adjuste	ed current year taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.		ş 455,49 <b>3,</b> 782	-
33,	Curren	t year NNR M&O rate (unadjusted). Divide Line 31E by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.		\$ <u>0.2457</u> /\$1	00
34.	Rate ad	ljustment for state crimina <del>l</del> justice mandate, <sup>23</sup>			-
	A.	<b>Current year state criminal justice mandate.</b> Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose.	5 0		and the second
	B.	Prior year state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies	- \$ <u>0</u>		months of the first services and the services for the services of the services
	C.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$_0.0000 \		
	D,	Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.		s <u>0.0000</u> /\$10	00
35.	Rate ac	ljustment for indigent health care expenditures. 24			
	Α.	<b>Current year indigent health care expenditures.</b> Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, of the prior tax year and ending on June 30, of the current lax year, less any state assistance received for \$ 0	the same purpose,		were the second
`	B.	Prior year indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2023, less any state assistance received for the same purpose.	- \$ <u>0</u>		Add Million or a worker 4444 differently, creation was
	c,	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0,0000 /5100		W
	D.	Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.		5 <u>0.0000</u> /510	90

<sup>&</sup>quot; [Reserved for expansion]
" Tex. Tax Code \$25.044
" Tox. Tax Code \$26.044)

<sup>-</sup> >-{E	. [,					
	5.   A	tate ac	justment for county indigent defense compensation. 25		PR-CP-Caddware	
Conforme on Commence page of	(Control and a manufacture of purpless of the control and the	A.	Current year indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 26.044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 7, of the prior tax year and ending o June 30, of the current tax year, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose	n s_0		
energia descondinaçãos de la compara esta esta esta esta esta esta esta est	And the last beautiful to the second	8*	Prior year indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 26.044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2023, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose	\$ <u>0</u>	or deskriptions and the profit of the profit	
		C.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$ 0.0000 /\$100	# · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Cardinate Aprelia	7	D.	Multiply 8 by 0.05 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$ 0.0000 /\$100		
Makel systematic parties		E.	Enter the lesser of C and D. If not applicable, enter 0.		5 0.0000	\$100
37	'. B	ate ad	ustment for county hospital expenditures. **	**************************************		
derbassissississadon arbonophy. Lyb	eremelos (19.40), No., No., Po., Sovenson	A,	Current year eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, of the prior tax year and ending on June 30, of the current tax year.	\$ <u>D</u>	ogen der Below der General von	
A design of the second	Andrew and Alventage of the State Commerce o	В,	Prior year eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2023.	ş <u>ü</u>	Berthers or versaments of a color back and a color back a	
	T V T P A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	c.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.0000 /\$100	ATT A COLUMN TO THE COLUMN TO	
Specific of a filter		D.	Multiply B by 0.08 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	§ 0.0500 /\$100	2.0	
dood and a second	4-14-4100 (000-41-41-41-41-41-41-41-41-41-41-41-41-41-	E.	Enter the lesser of C and D, if applicable, if not applicable, enter 0.		\$ 0.0000	/\$100
	it a	y for th	iustment for defunding municipality. This adjustment only applies to a municipality that is considered to be a e current tax year under Chapter 109, Local Government Code. Chapter 109, Local Government Code only applies tion of more than 250,000 and includes a written determination by the Office of the Governor. See Tax Code Secti ion.	to municipalities with		animagayyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyy
of the state of th		A.	Amount appropriated for public safety in the prior year. Enter the amount of money appropriated for public safety in the budget adopted by the municipality for the preceding fiscal year	\$ <u>0</u>	more than the state of the stat	
		В,	Expenditures for public safety in the prior year. Enter the amount of money spent by the municipality for pul safety during the preceding fiscal year	blic \$		
	-	€.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$/\$100	NAMES OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P	
-		D.	Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	- The state of the	\$ 0.0000	/\$1co
39.	.   A	djuste	d current year NNR M&O rate, Add Lines 33, 34D, 35D, 36E, and 37E. Subtract Line 38D.		\$ 0. <b>245</b> 7	/\$100
40	at	ldition	ient for prior year sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Cities, counties and hospital districts that c of sales tax on M&O expenses in the prior year should complete this line. These entities will deduct the sales tax g ection 3. Other taxing units, enter zero.			
Whith which manners are sound	The state of the s		Enter the amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&O expenses in the prior year, if any. Counties must exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of sales tax spent	s <u>0</u>		
		В.	Divide Line 40A by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$ 0.0000 /\$100		
-		с.	Add Line 408 to Line 39.		ş 0,2457	/\$100
41.		Spe-	year voter-approval M&O rate. Enter the rate as calculated by the appropriate scenario below. rial Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit qualifies as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.08. or Taxing Unit, If the taxing unit does not qualify as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.035.		§ 0.2542	/\$160

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Fex. Tax Code \$26.8442 <sup>26</sup> Tex. Tax Code \$26.0443

Line	VOLGE/Approval Jacknate Worksheet Le	Amount/Rate
D41.	Disaster Line 41 (D41): Current year voter-approval M&O rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. If the taxing unit is located in an area declared a disaster area and at least one person is granted an exemption under Tax Code Section 11.35 for property located in the taxing unit, the governing body may direct the person calculating the voter-approval tax rate to calculate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit. The taxing unit shall continue to calculate the voter-approval tax rate in this manner until the earlier of  1) the first year in which total taxable value on the certified appraisal roll exceeds the total taxable value of the tax year in which the disaster occurred, or  2) the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred	
	If the taxing unit qualifies under this scenario, multiply Line 40C by 1.08. <sup>27</sup> If the taxing unit does not qualify, do not complete Disaster Line 41 (Line D41).	\$/\$100
42.	Total current year debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue. Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that:  (1) are paid by property taxes, (2) are secured by property taxes, (3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and (4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses.  A. Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond, warrant, certificate of obligation, or other evidence of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2021, verify if it meets the amended definition of debt before including it here. <sup>28</sup>	
	Enter debt amount	ş <sup>O</sup>
43.	Certified prior year excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector. 29	ş 0
44.	Adjusted current year debt. Subtract Line 43 from Line 42E.	\$ <u>0</u>
45.	Current year anticipated collection rate.	
	A. Enter the current year anticipated collection rate certified by the collector, 30. 98.00 98.00	
-	B. Enter the prior year actual collection rate	
***************************************	C. Enter the 2022 actual collection rate. 99.20 %	
	D. Enter the 2021 actual collection rate. 99.29 %	
	E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. 31	98.00 %
46.	Current year debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 44 by Line 45E.	\$ 0
47.	Current year total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 473,390,262
48.	Current year debt rate. Divide Line 46 by Line 47 and multiply by \$100.	\$ <u>0.0000</u> /\$100
49.	Current year voter-approval tax rate. Add Lines 41 and 48.	§ 0.2542 /\$100
	Disaster Line 49 (D49): Current year voter-approval tax rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. Complete this line if the taxing unit calculated the voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit on Line D41.  Add Line D41 and 48.	\$/\$100

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26.042(a) <sup>28</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26.012(7) <sup>29</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26.012(10) and 26.04(b) <sup>20</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26.04(b) <sup>21</sup> Tex. Tax Code §§26.04(h), (h-1) and (h-2)

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Ra	ite
<b>50.</b>	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the voter-approval tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the current year county voter-approv-		
- 1	al tax rate,	\$ 1.0158	/\$100

## SECTION 3: NNR Tax Rate and Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustments for Additional Sales Tax to Reduce Property Taxes

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or abolishing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its NNR and voter-approval tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue.

This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its NNR tax rate and/or voter-approval tax rate because it adopted the additional sales tax.

Line'	Additional Sales and Use Tax Worksheet	Amount/Rate
51.	Taxable Sales. For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November of the prior tax year or May of the current tax year, enter the Comptroller's estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters. 32 Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller's Allocation Historical Summary webpage.  Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November of the prior year, enter 0.	\$
S2.	Estimated sales tax revenue. Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue. 33	
	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November of the prior tax year or in May of the current tax year. Multiply the amount on Line 51 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005 or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95. 34	
	<ul> <li>or -         Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November of the prior year. Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters.         Do not multiply by .95.     </li> </ul>	\$
53.	Current year total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$
54.	Sales tax adjustment rate. Divide Line 52 by Line 53 and multiply by \$100.	\$/\$100
55.	Current year NNR tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax.35 Enter the rate from Line 26 or 27, as applicable, on the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$/\$100
	Current year NNR tax rate, adjusted for sales tax.  Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November the prior tax year or in May of the current tax year. Subtract Line 54 from Line 55. Skip to Line 57 if you	
	adopted the additional sales tax before November of the prior tax year.	\$/\$100
57.	Current year voter-approval tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. <sup>36</sup> Enter the rate from Line 49, Line D49 (disaster) or Line 50 (counties) as applicable, of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$/\$100
58,	Current year voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Subtract Line 54 from Line 57.	\$/\$100

### SECTION 4: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

Line	Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Requirements Worksheet	Amount/Rate
59.	Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. 37 The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter. 38	s
60.	Current year total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$
61.	Additional rate for pollution control. Divide Line 59 by Line 60 and multiply by \$100.	\$/\$100

<sup>31-</sup>тех, Tax Code \$26,041(d)

Tax Code §26.041(i) Tax Code §26.041(d)

rex. Tax Code §26.04(c)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26.04(c) 12 Tex. Tax Code §26.045(d)

<sup>38</sup> Tex. Tax Code \$26.045(i)

Line	Voter Approval Rate Adjustment for Politition Control Reguliements Worksheet	Amount/Rate
62,	Current year voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add Line 61 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line	
	D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties) or Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax).	\$/\$100

### SECTION 5: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Unused Increment Rate

The unused increment rate is the rate equal to the sum of the prior 3 years Foregone Revenue Amounts divided by the current taxable value. <sup>39</sup> The Foregone Revenue Amount for each year is equal to that year's adopted tax rate subtracted from that year's voter-approval tax rate adjusted to remove the unused increment rate multiplied by that year's current total value. <sup>40</sup> In a year where a taxing unit adopts a rate by applying any portion of the unused increment rate, the portion of the unused increment rate that was used must be backed out of the calculation for that year.

The difference between the adopted tax rate and adjusted voter-approval tax rate is considered zero in the following scenarios:

- a tax year in which a taxing unit affected by a disaster declaration calculates the tax rate under Tax Code Section 26,042;
- a tax year in which the municipality is a defunding municipality, as defined by Tax Code Section 26.0501(a); 42 or
- after Jan, 1, 2022, a tax year in which the comptroller determines that the county implemented a budget reduction or realfocation described by Local Government Code
   Section 120,002(a) without the required voter approval.<sup>43</sup>

Individual components can be negative, but the overall rate will be the greater of zero or the calculated rate.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit.\*\*

Line	Unused Increment Rate Worksheet	
63.	Year 3 Foregong Revenue Amount. Subtract the 2023 unused increment rate and 2023 actual tax rate from the 2023 voter-approval	of Lodgestin in the
	tax rate. Multiply the result by the 2023 current total value	II-e
	A. Voter-approval tax rate (Line 67)	\$ <u>3,2314</u> /\$100
	B. Unused increment rate (Line 66)	\$ <u>2,4128</u> /\$100
	C. Subtract B from A	\$ <u>0.8196</u> /\$100
	D. Adopted Tax Rate	5 0,2428 /\$100
	E. Subtract D from C,	\$ <u>0.5760</u> /\$100
	F. 2023 Total Taxable Value (Line 60)	\$ 471,931,915
	6. Multiply E by F and divide the results by \$100	\$ 2,718,327
64.	Year 2 Foregono Revenue Amount, Subtract the 2022 unused increment rate and 2022 actual tax rate from the 2022 yeter-approval	
*	tax rate. Multiply the result by the 2022 current total value	\$ 0.8304 /5100
	A. Voter-approval tax rate (Line 67)	
	B. Unused increment rate (Line 66)	and the same of th
	C. Subtract B from A	9
	D. Adopted Tax Rate	\$ 0.2092 /\$100 \$ 0.6212 /\$100
	E. Subtract D from C	***************************************
	F. 2022 Total Taxable Value (Line 60)	\$ 445,970,333
	G. Multiply E by F and divide the results by \$100	\$ 2,770,367
65,	Year 1 Foregone Revenue Amount. Subtract the 2021 unused increment rate and 2021 actual tax rate from the 2021 voter-approval tax rate. Multiply the result by the 2021 current total value	in A to A t
		\$ 1.2692 /\$100
	A. Voter-approval tax rate (Line 67)	
	9. Unused increment rate (Line 66)	2 Sametra and Control of the Control
	C. Subtrect 3 from A	\$ 1.2692 /5100
	D. Adopted Tax Rate	\$ 0.2725 /\$100
	E. Subtract D from C	\$ 0.9968 /\$100
	F. 2021 Total Taxable Value (Line 60)	\$ 335,538,885
	G. Multiply E by F and divide the results by \$100	\$ 3,343,980
66.	Total Foregone Revenue Amount. Add Lines 63G, 64G and 65G	\$ 8,832,874.0000
		2 0'695'01.4'0000
67.	2024 Unused Increment Rate. Divide Line 66 by Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Rate Worksheet. Multiply the result by 100	\$ 1,8558 /\$100
68.	Total 2024 voter-approval tax rate, including the unused increment rate. Add Line 67 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49,	
	Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with additional sales tax) or Line 62 (taxing units with pollution)	4 7 6640
		\$ 2,8616 /5100

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Tax Code §26.013(b)

<sup>-</sup>ex. Tex Code \$26.013(a)(1-a), (1-b), and (2)

<sup>\*\*</sup> Tex. Tax Code \$526.04(c)(2)(A) and 26.042(a)
\*\* Tex. Tax Code \$526.0501(a) and (c)

<sup>&</sup>quot;Tex. Local Gov't Code \$120,007(d)

<sup>&</sup>quot;Tex. Local Gov't Code \$120.007(d)

#### SECTION 6: De Minimis Rate

The de minimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise \$500,000, and the current debt rate for a taxing unit. 45 section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 45

Line	De Minimis Râte Worksheet	/Amount/Rate
69.	Adjusted current year NNR M&O tax rate. Enter the rate from Line 39 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	0.9816
70.	Current year total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 473,390,262
71.	Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes. Divide \$500,000 by Line 70 and multiply by \$100.	\$
72.	Current year debt rate. Enter the rate from Line 48 of the Vater-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ <u>0,0000</u> _/\$100
73.	De minimis rate. Add Lines 69, 71 and 72.	\$ 1.0872 /\$100

### SECTION 7: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Emergency Revenue Rate

In the tax year after the end of the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a), a taxing unit that calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit due to a disaster must calculate its emergency revenue rate and reduce its voter-approval tax rate for that year.<sup>48</sup>

Similarly, if a taxing unit adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate, calculated normally, without holding an election to respond to a disaster, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(d), in the prior year, it must also reduce its voter-approval tax rate for the current tax year. 49

This section will apply to a taxing unit other than a special taxing unit that:

- directed the designated officer or employee to calculate the voter-approval tax rate of the taxing unit in the manner provided for a special taxing unit in the prior year; and
- the current year is the first tax year in which the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit as shown on the appraisal roll for the taxing unit submitted by the
  assessor for the taxing unit to the governing body exceeds the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit on January 1 of the tax year in which the disaster
  occurred or the disaster occurred four years ago. This section will apply to a taxing unit in a disaster area that adopted a tax rate greater than its voter-approval tax rate
  without holding an election in the prior year.

Note: This section does not apply if a taxing unit is continuing to calculate its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit because it is still within the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a) because it has not met the conditions in Tax Code Section 26.042(a)(1) or (2).

1	Emergency Revenue Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
74.	2023 adopted tax rate. Enter the rate in Line 4 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$/\$100
75.	Adjusted 2023 voter-approval tax rate. Use the taxing unit's Tax Rate Calculation Worksheets from the prior year(s) to complete this line.  If a disaster occurred in 2023 and the taxing unit calculated its 2023 voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) of the 2023 worksheet due to a disaster, complete the applicable sections or lines of Form 50-856-a, Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet.  - or -  If a disaster occurred prior to 2023 for which the taxing unit continued to calculate its voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) in 2023, complete form 50-856-a, Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet to recalculate the voter-approval tax rate the taxing unit would have calculated in 2023 if it had generated revenue based on an adopted tax rate using a multiplier of 1.035 in the years following the disaster. So Enter the final adjusted 2023 voter-approval tax rate from the worksheet.  - or -  If the taxing unit adopted a tax rate above the 2023 voter-approval tax rate without calculating a disaster tax rate or holding an election due to a disaster, no recalculation is necessary. Enter the voter-approval tax rate from the prior year's worksheet.	\$/\$100
76.	Increase in 2023 tax rate due to disaster. Subtract Line 75 from Line 74.	\$/\$100
77.	Adjusted 2023 taxable value, Enter the amount in Line 14 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$
78.	Emergency revenue, Multiply Line 76 by Line 77 and divide by \$100.	\$
79.	Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rote Worksheet.	\$
80.	Emergency revenue rate. Divide Line 78 by Line 79 and multiply by \$100. 51	\$/\$100

Tax Code §26.04(c)(2)(B)

Page 9

Tax Code §26.012(8-a) .-x. Tax Code §26.063(a)(1)

<sup>44</sup> Tex. Tax Code \$26.042(b)

<sup>49</sup> Tex. Tax Code §26.042(f) № Tex. Tax Code §526.42(c)

<sup>51</sup> Tex. Tax Code §§26.42(b)

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2024 Tax Mate Calculation Worksheet - Taxing Units Other Than School Districts of	Water Districts	Form	n 50-856
iLine Emergency Revenue Ra	(e:Worksheet	Amount!	(ate
Current year voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for emergency revenue. 5 Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (countles), Line 58 (taxing units with the a or Line 68 (taxing units with the unused increment rate).		\$	/\$100
SECTION 8: Total Tax Rate			
Indicate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.			
No-new-revenue tax rate.  As applicable, enter the current year NNR tax rate from: Line 26, Line 27 (countle Indicate the line number used: 27		s <u>0.9788</u>	/\$100
Voter-approval tax rate.  As applicable, enter the current year voter-approval tax rate from: Line 49 Line [Line 62 (adjusted for pollution control), Line 68 (adjusted for unused increment), Indicate the line number used. 68	D49 (disaster), Line 50 (countres), Line 58 (adjusted for sales tax),	ş <u>2.8818</u>	/\$100
De minimis rate		\$ 1.0872	/\$100
SECTION 9: Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature			
Enter the name of the person preparing the fax rate as authorized by the governing be employee of the taxing unit and have accurately calculated the tax rates using values estimate of taxable value, in accordance with requirements in the Tax Code. <sup>32</sup> Print  Dixie Mandoza Tax A/C			
Printed Name of Taxing Unit Representative			
sign here	08/02/2024		
Taxing Linit Representative	Date		